



WESTCARB Annual Business Meeting

Geologic Characterization of the Starkey and Winters Formations, Sacramento Basin, CA

Cameron Downey
California Geological Survey
cdowney@consvr.ca.gov

*Phoenix, AZ
November 8, 2006*

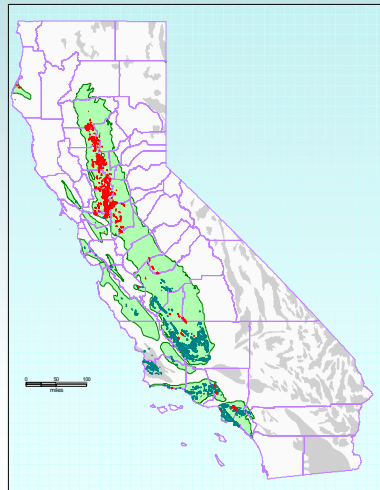


Recap—WESTCARB Phase I

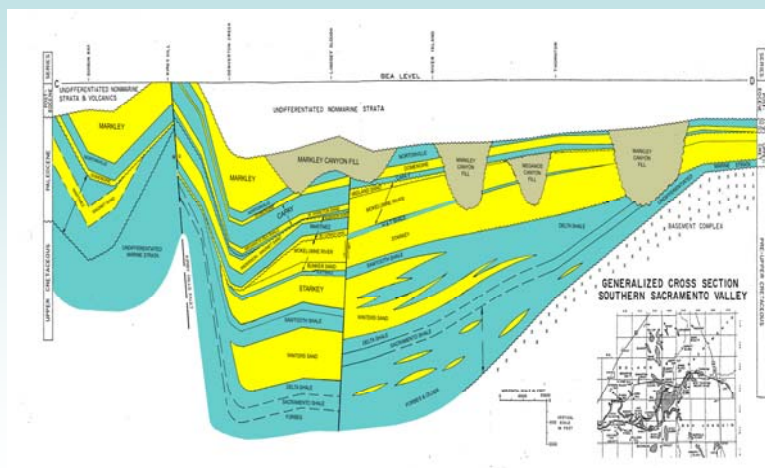
- 104 California sedimentary basins were screened
- 27 basins exhibit varying potential for CO₂ sequestration
- Concluded Cenozoic marine basins are the most likely targets for sequestration

Cenozoic Marine Basins

- Thick, widespread permeable sandstones and overlying shales
- Abundant geological, petrophysical, and formation fluid data
- Good areal distribution
- Numerous abandoned and aging oil and gas reservoirs with sequestration potential



Generalized Cross-Section of the Southern Sacramento Basin

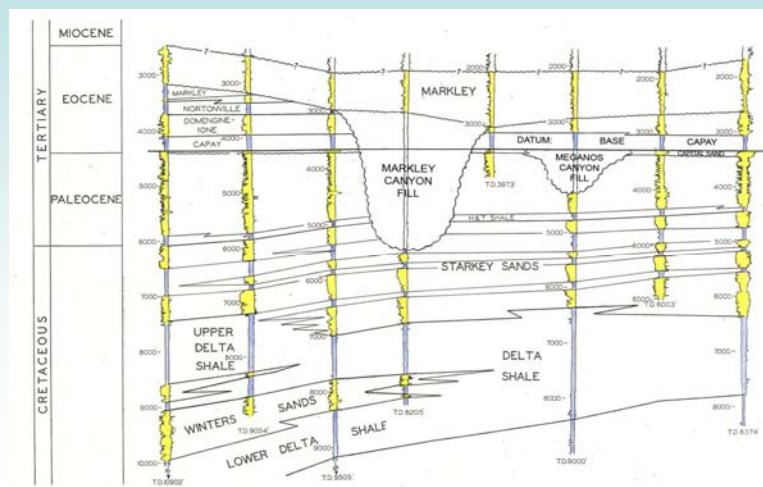


WESTCARB—CGS Phase II Goals

- Detailed, formation-level isopach (thickness) mapping
- Narrowed objectives to sandstone formations in the Sacramento and San Joaquin basins
- Sacramento Basin
 - Cretaceous Starkey Formation and overlying H&T Shale
 - Cretaceous Winters Formation and overlying Sawtooth Shale
- San Joaquin Basin
 - Miocene Temblor Formation and overlying Monterey Formation shales

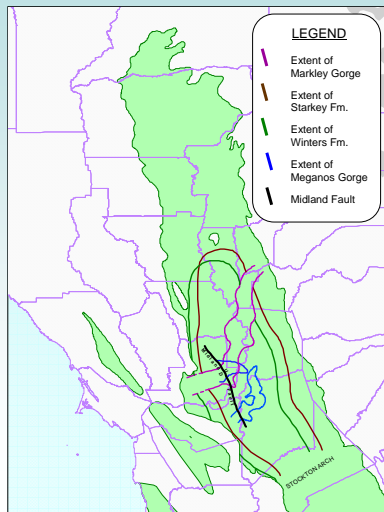


Generalized East–West Cross-Section, Southern Sacramento Basin

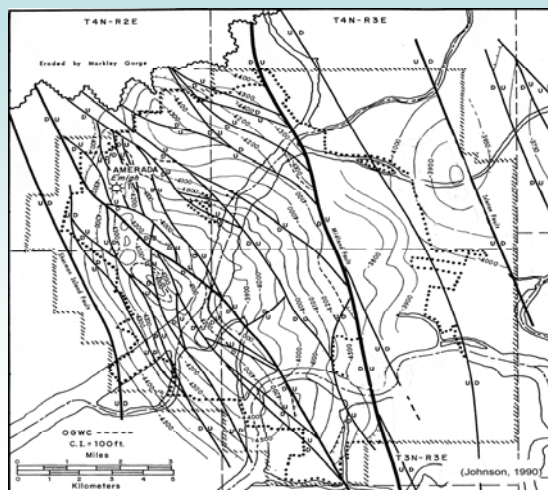


Faults, Unconformities, and Submarine Canyons

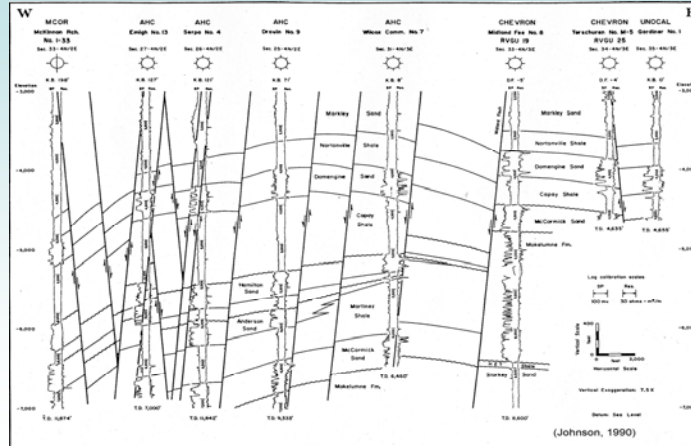
- Markley Canyon
- Meganos Canyon
- Midland Fault
- Numerous normal faults
- Regional and local unconformities



Generalized Structural Contour Map, Rio Vista Gas Field (Top Domengine Sand)



Generalized East–West Cross-Section, Rio Vista Gas Field



WEST COAST REGIONAL CARBON SEQUESTRATION PARTNERSHIP



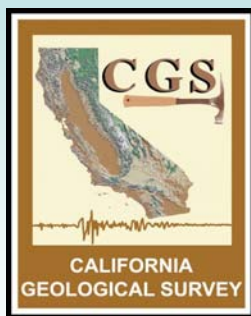
Preliminary Observations and Conclusions

- Thick saline formations exist in the Starkey and Winters Formations
- Overlying seals are widespread but vary in thickness from a feather edge to over 1,000 feet
- Formation continuity is interrupted by numerous normal faults and Paleocene-Oligocene submarine canyon cutting and infilling
- Potential sequestration sites are likely to be regionally and/or locally “compartmentalized”
- Potential storage sites will require considerably more geologic characterization to identify specific sequestration targets

WEST COAST REGIONAL CARBON SEQUESTRATION PARTNERSHIP



California Geological Survey



<http://www.conservation.ca.gov/CGS>